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# THE**ME FOR THIS I**ssue "TASTE + EMOTIONS"

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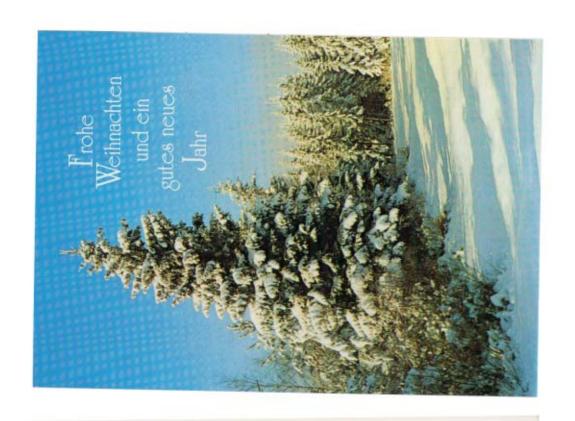
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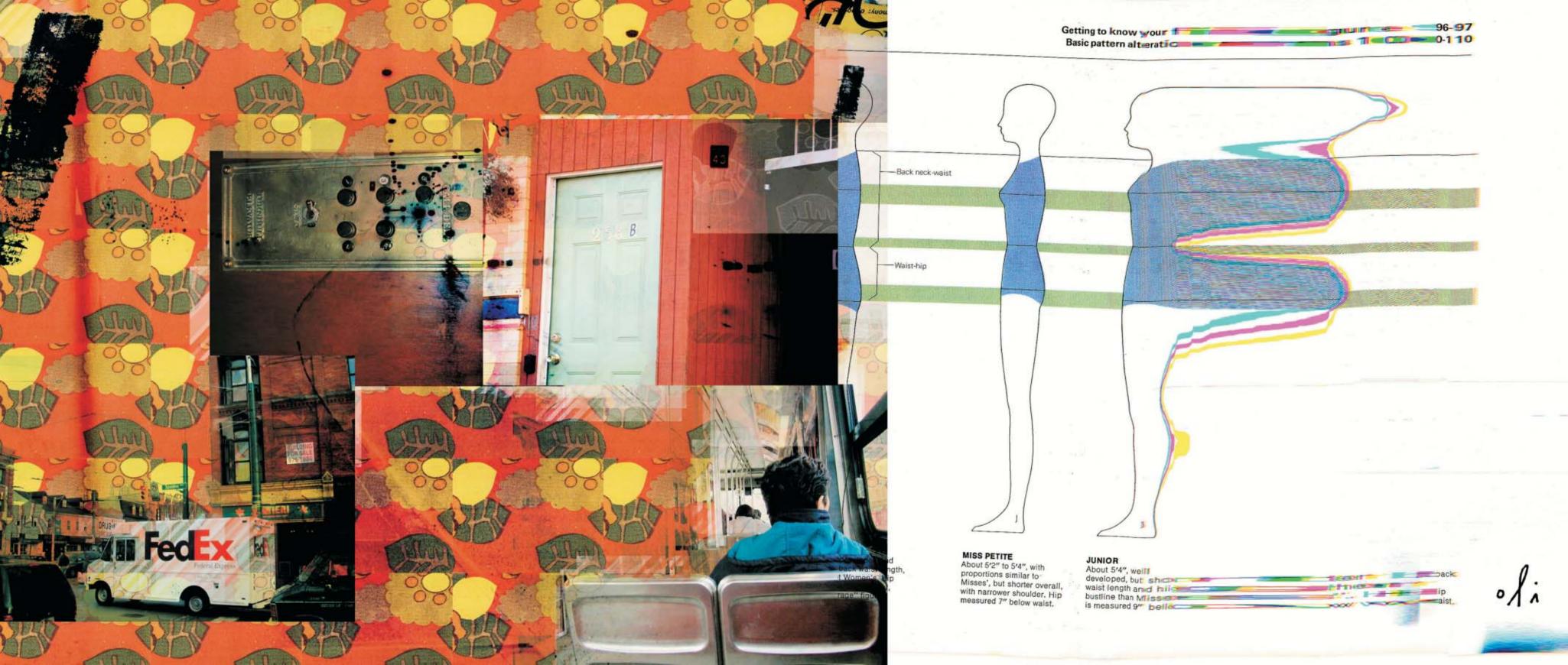
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Be an artist. Fuckyour, —HANS





generally tolerated by the official guardians of wisdom, for astute priests understand that people need myths, as well.

In fact, the best of today's scientists seem to enjoy reading far-out, speculative tales. Perhaps they, too, like to be taken far away now and then, exploring possibilities that require no proof, only plausibility. Having worked on both sides, both inside the Temple and out, I can say that, for all their differences, science and science fiction have something deep in common. You might call it a shared frame of reference... a new and different way of looking at the world.

I alluded to this worldview in earlier essays. Now I want to look one more time at the Dogma of Otherness.

Consider the following statement:

Subjective reality is what I see and experience; objective reality is what's really out there. They aren't necessarily the same thing.

In other words, I look through my eyes and see only a ver-beings have ever discovered to error. sion of the world, a version that can be, and often is, colored or twisted by what I want to see. Another person may witness the same events, and yet observe something entirely different.

This is the first of two ideas on which I believe Otherness is The illusions others are prone to, and those (if we are honest PART TWO: NUTS AND BOLTS about it) which we ourselves nurture or allow? In fact, awareness of this problem has been around for a long time. Socrates, Plato, Jesus, Buddha and countless other mystics, in countless cultures, ching reason, Buddha urging meditation, and Jesus prescribing lot of "ifs" and "therefores," that something must be so. faith. But what they all had in common was far more important. Each of those sage-prophets worried that the power of human egotism tends to make each us lie to ourselves, leading to error, hypocrisy, and alltoo often the rationalizing of evil actions.

Moreover, each of these great savants offered a variant on the same cure

"Give up," they preached. "Don't bother trying to figure out how the flawed world works. Perfect knowledge is to be found only within the mind, the soul. Seek your own private salvation then, apart from the world, and don't bother getting your hands dirty trying to piece together the nuts and bolts of God's handiwork."

Before Galileo, very few philosophers in any culture dared question this near-universal, dualist mysticism, which almost always was accompanied by top-heavy hierarchies of magicians, shamans, priests, or art critics. Only from time to time would a rebel dare counter:

"Hey, I may not ever be able to be certain what is absolutely True... but I sure as heck can work to find out what isn't! Moreover, I can improve my model of the world, by slowly, carefully finding out what is truer than what I already knew."

In other words, by slowly, carefully testing the things you and others believe, through a process of elimination you can falsify, get rid of, a lot of wrong ideas even ones you cherished until the resulting

picture, imperfect as it is, lets you see the world a little clearer than before.

This is the second half of the declaration, the manifesto, of a new revolution... one that began to take hold only a couple of centuries ago and is still tentative, uncertain, incomplete, yet has already achieved incredible wonders. To the problem of imperfect knowledge, it suggests a new and unprecedented solution... honest work.

To ever come close to what's really going on, I must learn to double check, to experi-we know that all theories are equal, yes? ment, and even consult and cooperate with other people. Mutual deliberation, or giving of "reality checks," helps us agree on common ground, and criticism is the only anodyne human

It takes great wisdom, maturity, and force of will to overcome ingrained human ego tism and say -- "Hey, I can fool myself! I might even be wrong, from time to time."

But it has taken an even more remarkable revolution for people to be able to add based, and to a modern reader it probably sounds pretty obvious. "Instead of retreating into ourselves, let's try taking the problem apart into little pieces, see Who among us hasn't noticed the effect of subjectivity in daily life? where I'm wrong, where you're wrong, and where we both may wind up being surprised."

I should pause for a moment to explain something that may have perplexed you. Yes, I have preached the same message -- that we all exist amid a blurdid lump faith and reason together, a little while ago. There is a hoary notion that the two of uncertainty in an imperfect world. That one can never knowmental systems are essential foes, forever in opposition, but this is not so. Any thoughtful complete truth about physical reality via our senses alone. Much is scientist will tell you that reason is just another type of faith. You scribble down a scenario made of the differences between their systems... Socrates tea-on paper -- as Plato, Aquinas, Hegel, Marx and Freud all did -- and convince yourself, after a

After all, can't you prove things on paper...in mathematics?

In fact, mathematicians are considered the idiots-savant of the scientific family -- because they actually believe in logical "proofs." Mathematics is certainly the most brilliant, accurate, and useful metaphor-generating system ever conceived. It contains systems to check for self-consistency, so that most flaws are weeded out before publication. Yet, even the most elegant theorem has to be tested against reality or remain a nebulous thing. A curiosity. Just another pretty incantation

In other words, mathematicians are shamans, too.

Reason can be just another form of faith -- a tower of words or symbols which seem to demonstrate what you wanted to prove, forgetting that in other hands the same tools can be used to show opposite conclusions. Take the famed philosopher, Ren? Descartes, who decided to throw out everything he knew and start from scratch -- then proceeded, step by painstaking step, to logically "prove" all of the premises and prejudices he had started out with! When you have an ideology or theory that ought to be true, it takes great strength of character to overcome the very human desire to believe your own spell-weaving, and instead allow others to test the edifice you've created. Testing it against the possibility of being wrong.

Fitfully, hesitantly, we have begun preaching this lesson to our youth -especially those entering science -- yet it is a hard standard to live up to. To a surprising degree, the new priesthood manages to work by this new code, but the siren call of egotism and self-righteousness can never be escaped. It resonates within our cro-magnon skulls, ever beckoning us back toward the narcissistic joys of magic.

Today one hears creationists -- those preaching a literal interpretation of the Book of Genesis -- attacking so-called secular humanism by calling it "just another religion." Meanwhile they promulgate what they call "Creation Science." The irony of this implied compliment -- that science is more trustworthy than older ways of knowing -- seems to escape notice by both sides in the public

The same people proclaim that "evolution is just a theory." And, of course,

Cultural Relativism, a myth springing from the opposite end of the political spectrum than Creationism, also proclaims not only that all ideas have equal value, but that no worldview or culture has any better inkling what is going on than any other. That there is no such thing as good or bad, right or wrong... only an amorphous sea of relativity, with every concept mutually exchangeable. The only thing valid is individual esthetics. A repackaging, in other words, of the same old prescription -- a retreat to the inner world.

But all theories aren't equal! Human thought thrives on competition among ideas. Some are disproved and go deservedly to the dustbin. Meanwhile, others graduate to become models of the world. Anyone can come up with a metaphor or notion, but a model of the world offers consistent explanations for what people see going on around them.

More important, a valid model goes on to make testable predictions.

Most first rate scientific papers end with a statement saying, in effect: "If this wonderful theory of mine is true, so-and-so will be discovered in this and such experiment. On the other hand, my theory will be disproved if trials X or Y show contrary results."

That's the way it works, and not just in science. It is also how honest men and women live their lives. If you believe in something, then by all means try to prove it, even convince others. But always leave room for the possibility that someone else may prove you

What about these so-called "models of the world" then?

The name could be applied to any theory which best describes the universe at a given time. Call it a monarch among theories, for as we said before, all ideas are not equal. In any month or year, in any subject area, one description is usually the leader. Generally the one with the fewest inconsistencies and the best accumulated evidence to back it up.

In science, no model lasts forever. Leading theories are rewarded by becoming prime targets! More experiments are aimed at testing them than any others. Even if a model survives trial after trial, it inevitably changes in the process. Usually, these new versions are incremental improvements rather than rejections, as Darwin's concepts have matured during the century since his death, while retaining their basic validity. But revolutions are also known to happen. Plate tectonics did not start out as the Best Model in geology. It won its place after a long to evidence.

is a remarkably successful process, by which our understanding of the universe has evolved year after year, open to all comers, even the daughters and sons of pea- will grow more profound as the years go by. past, is a strange commodity called "honesty" -- absolutely PART FOUR: IDEAS THAT INFECT indispensible in science which is probably the least likely marvel ever to have emerged out of self-centered human minds

brave nonconformists, and science as today's oppressive in the ecosystem. monolith. Some arty types would seem to prefer going back to older ways of doing things the way "wisdom" was handd everywhere and everywhen, except in our own narrow

There was no past ancient golden age, say believers in the Look Forward vision. But there is a notion going around that we just might be able to build one, for tomorrow's children.

This new orientation toward the future, not the past, is especially clear in the scientific attitude toward knowledge. Instead of "Truth" with a capital T, immutable and handed down process of crificism, successful predictions and comparison unchanged through time from some ancient text of lore, today we have the cycle of improvement and revision I described a little while ago. The best world models are found in the latest journal articles, in the most recent textbooks on any given subject-and even they won't be the final word, because in five or ten years there'll be better models still, as results pour in from

To you, a modern reader and member of contemporary civilization, this way of looking at truth may sound obvious. (Note how even the phrases, "Look Backward" and "Look Forward," without the traumas or heretic-burnings that used to punc- sound biased in favor of the latter, a result of prejudice built into our language.] But I cannot overstate how recently this point of view achieved anything approaching widespread acceptantuate advances in human knowledge. This new priesthood is ce. This shift in the time orientation of wisdom is an intellectual sea change unprecedented in the annals of human thought. Its consequences, which already include science and democracy,

LET'S take a side trip, while on the subject of human thought. To begin, we must backtrack to skim a little biology.

Richard Dawkins, in his book, The Selfish Gene, describes how our genetic heritage seems to have resulted from struggles by nearly invisible clusters of DNA against nature and each Alas, at times the process also seems staid, undrama- other. Nearly all of evolution could be looked at as a winnowing of those genes which fail to achieve the central goal of making and spreading copies of themselves. Of course, molecules do tic, even despotic to those who today portray themselves as not contemplate goals. "Wanting" is a human emotion. Still, the effects of natural selection often do look eerily as if different genetic heritages have been striving against one another for niches

rturtous happenstance, a set of genes stumbles onto the right attributes, enabling it to create an organism which, in turn, lives to make and pass on more

# HREE: THE VIEW OF A GOLDEN

For six thousand, ten thousand, fifty thousand years -- however far back you assume ve were intelligent and able to ask questions -- our ancestors had very little idea how the orld worked. And we can safely assume that they were terrified most of the time.

Throughout those millennia, nearly every civilization we know of had a belief system ased upon what might be called a Look Backward world view. In other words, people shahen jumans were more virtuous, stronger, closer to heaven. An era when sages worked, onders and were wiser than more recent folk. From Sumeria to China, to the legends of Native Americans, this thread of lost glory runs through almost every mythic tradition.

Except ours. Our worldwide, cosmopolitan, modern culture is arguably the first to take radically divergent orientation, not necessarily better, but profoundly different. A philosophy that might be called Look Forward

There was no golden age in the past, this revolutionary view declares; our ancestors scratched and clawed, and a few of them-the well-meaning ones-tried hard to redress the shabby ignorance they had inherited. Some, in sincerely trying to improve things, came up with dreadful world models, pantheons or social orders which excused, even encouraged, terrible persecutions or injustices. Still, despite all the mistakes and obstacles they faced, men and women managed glacially, generation by generation, to add to our knowledge-and to our wisdom, as well.

copies of the genes, then all those copies will also share the original successful trait and have an improved chance of making copies, themselves. And so on. The process works as well for autonomous creatures, like you and me, as for a virus which invades a host organism and uses it to serve as a tool for replication.

This is but a crude summary of insights Dawkins depicts so well, (which led to my story in this volume, "The Giving Plague"). Here it is only a prelude to with similar traits. Not genes, but "memes."

Memes are raw ideas. Pure concepts which, like conquering genetic codes, seem capable of thriving in and via host organisms, this time human minds.

What would such a "living idea" be like? Well, for one thing it would survive by making its host think about it. In contemplating a concept, you in effect keep it alive. For example, some time ago I read a notion -- the very one we're more of these frail renaissances than socialism ever did. discussing now -- the notion of memes. You could say this idea was successful at "infecting" me, because I've continued thinking about it, giving it continued existence, or "life."

But a virus or bacterium that just sits inside its host doesn't accomplish much. An effective pseudo-organism must do more. It must reproduce.

How would a living idea proliferate?

By getting its host not only to think about it, but to make and spread copies... by telling other people! And now, if you've been paying attention, you'll realize that's just what I've been doing the last few minutes for one particular her powerful worldview meme... the meme of memes! By telling you about it, I am doing the memic equi- - the leading meme - in notion of these infectious ideas. If it's a successful self-replicating notion, some of you will go out and tell others about it. And so on.

Of course life would be impossibly dull if we didn't share ideas, while constantly mutating and adapting them to our purposes. But let's imagine some of hese self-reproducing ideas pick up more attributes. What if one of them helped its host become prosperous, charismatic, or influential -- to spread the meme more effectively. Or what if another meme caused its hosts, or host tribe, to keep other memes out. To expose their children only to old, familiar ideas. What a powerful trick that would be!

Does this sound like some bizarre science fiction scenario?

Or is it, rather, a pretty good model for what's been going on throughout most of human history? Examples abound. Take the dogmatic exclusion rule of most religions, which call competing idea systems "heresy."

One of the Iranian ayatollahs once said of America -- "We don't fear your bombs, we fear your pagan ideas." Why would he say such a thing? Dawkins theory seems to offer as good an explanation as any.

# BARTIPEINE (CONCLUSION): MEMES

Now comes the truly sci-fi part of this scenario. (After all, you're reading

this for entertainment, no? So let's play with these notions for a little while as I paint a rather unconventional picture of our familiar world.

Let me suggest that until recently, five major memes have battled over the future of this planet. These combatting zeitgeists had little to Dawkins's next step, when he discusses another type of bundle of information do with those superficial, pompous slogan mills people have gotten all lathered about during this century -- communism, capitalism, Christianity, Islam. They are deeper, older themes which continue to set the tone for entire civilizations even today.

> Feudalism is one of the oldest. It may appear to be rare nowadays, but some philosophers and historians have called it the "most natural" of human societies, simply because it cropped up in so many places throughout the millennia. Everywhere, in fact, that metallurgy and agriculture combined to let close-knit elites establish and enforce an inherited aristocracu.

> (If one tallies a list of history's few, short-lived flowerings of freedom and enterprise, it is clear that aristocracy toppled and crushed far

Has modern life made feudalism obsolete? Maybe. But if so, why do so many in the west go all teary-eyed over inbred European royal families, including one that we americans kicked out with just cause, long ago?

Or take the raging popularity of fantasy novels with feudal settings. Can it be possible that the descendants of rebels -- true heroes who fought to free us all from a beastly, oppressive way of life that doomed nearly everyone to ignorance and peasantry -- that those descendants prefer to fantasize "heroic" adventures featuring despotic kings, egocentric princes, and curmugeonly wizards? Apparently it is so.

Clearly the pull of the feudal meme is still strong in us, tugging at our sympathies even today.

is touted as a primary virtue, wherever skill and craftsmanship are downgraded in favor of Machismo is anot- "strutting" and male-bonded loyalty groups, it's a good bet machismo sets the agenda.

And don't underrate it! Throughout human history, macho was an effective way of valent of coughing on you. Infecting you with the transmissible, self-replicating many parts of today's running small clans. Countless stirring, heroic epics come down to us from such tribes. (Or world. Wherever women take the way many today swoon over the way Klingons are depicted, in Star Trek!) Indeed are stifled and vengeance the inevitable ferment of this malecentered zeigeist was tolerable when human numbers were small, and hunter-warriors were central to clan life.

> Different versions of machismo today dominate whole regions, even continents, conveyed across generations by myths children absorb at an early age. For example, in one middle-eastern culture, nearly every fairy tale focuses on one theme -- that of revenge. In another land, mothers are known to sit their little sons on their knees and say -- "Someday you will deflower virgins and ravish other men's wives, but if this happens to your wife or sister, cut her throat."

> This may sound bizarre to some of you, but it would be a mistake to dismiss it as an aberration. As worldviews go, machismo has a long tradition-a lot longer than ours. The biggest argument against this meme is not that any alternative is intrinsically better... only that, if it prevails, the Earth will surely die.

> Then there's paranoia, another venerable family of memes. For example, one can understand the Russian tradition of xenophobia, given their history of suffering terrible invasions, on average twice a century. Still, that worldview of dour suspicion and bludgeoning distrust made for a brittle, capricious superpower, worsened by a deluding, superficial dogma, communism. If paranoia had won, or even lasted much longer, the world would probably have become a cinder sooner or later. We'll see, in the course of the next decade, if this meme really is fading. Watch how the other culture families devour its remains, as some parts of the empire hurry to join the West, some tumble into the Macho orbit, and still others become Eastern with stunning rapidity.

> That fourth worldview, which I call "The East," is one zeitgeist that is demonstrably both traditional and sane... after its fashion. During most of recorded history it was dominant on this planet. Its theme: homogeneity, uniformity, respect for elders, and discipline. People should subsume their sense of self in favor of family, group, nation. One can see how such a meme would make governing large populations easier. Capital is not wasted on male strutting, or excessively on arms. Stoical labor and compound interest have a chance to work wonders.



to rally the masses by pointing to some outside threat and whipping up paranoia. One sees similar efforts taking place today, in efforts to combat Otherness -- dangerous efforts to pander to racism and fear. Efforts which may succeed here and there, but which I hope and expect will be largely in vain. I expect it because the rich and powerful no longer control this new myth. It has outgrown the grasp of even the "enlightened" intellec-

tuals who originally set it on its way.

For better or for worse, we all now appear to be along for the ride.

To those in the audience who have been shaking their heads for some time, saying -- "Sheesh! What an optimist Brin is!" -- I can only answer that I am well aware of the problems, the flaws, the dismal and depressing failures of a system which promises freedom, justice and plenty for all, but has fallen so far short of that ideal. It has succeeded far better than any other culture since we left the caves, but by the new standards we have set for ourselves, it is a poor record indeed. One worthy of much criticism.

If the East wins, you will probably have some preservation of the environment, no pandas but some trees. Both violence and the egregious excesses of hyper-individualism will certainly abate. Humans might even slowly, eventually, get out into space.

But when or if we ever meet aliens, we would not understand them. Because by then the very notion of diversity, let alone the idea of finding it attractive, will have been extinguished.

I wouldn't find it much fun living in a human civilization dominated by sameness. But then, if I'd been brought up differently, I might not think "fun" such a key desideratum, after all. (In many languages there is no word for the concept.) In any event, the Eastern worldview is the only one with a proven track record, having operated civilizations for millennia in a manner that, while despotic, was calm and orderly, in its way.

"Calm" is the last word you would use to describe the fifth meme, one that has always been a lesser theme, carried by an eccentric minority in each culture... until ours. What is the fifth meme? You've heard me call it the Dogma of Otherness, although that only scratches the surface. It is a strange, rebellious worldview unlike any of its predecessors. One that actually encourages an appetite for newness, hunger for diversity, eagerness for change.

Tolerance plays a major role in the legends spread by this new culture, plus a tradition of humorous self-criticism. (Look at the underlying message contained in most situation comedies. It is always the most intolerant or pompous character who gets comeuppance before the final curtain. And never before have leaders of nations, commanders of armies, had to accept the fact that they routinely will be objects of critique, even ridicu-

Another thread pervading countless films and novels is suspicion of authority. A plethora of writers in Hollywood and elsewhere have worked this vein, each of them acting as if he or she was inventing rebellious individualism -- an ironic twist, since each ry and solitary defiance! (From Mr. Smith of them was raised on myths extolling eccen-Goes to Washington, to Rebel Without a Cause, to the latest exercise in selfflagellation directed by by Oliver Stone.) You can earn a good living as an iconoclast in the West today, especially if you make your idol-smashing entertaining.

Few seem to have noticed how odd this message is, as propaganda. Name one other culture in history that ever spread hyper tolerance myths like Steven Spielberg's movie E.T., in which a generation of children were taught -- "If you ever encounter a weird stranger from an alien race, by all means, hide him from your own people's freely elected tribal elders!" To me this is a far more startling break with history than wonder drugs, or moon landings, or computers that talk, with good and bad consequences swarming forth with every passing day. No longer is the emphasis on looking to the past, or on conformity as a principal virtue. Youthfixation replaces reverence for age, and all ancient idols and gods are replaced by a new figure on the alter, the Self.

What a strange, unprecedented meme! One that encourages an art form as compulsively questioning as science fiction, and which, in turn, is spread quite effectively by science fiction.

(Anyway, what if I'm simply doing my own iconoclastic bit? Optimism, in a world rife with copycat pessimists? Do a head count. I'll bet I'm the one who's being different!)

It would be an exaggeration to suggest that this meme I call Otherness "owns" territories like Europe or America... or even California. Where it is strongest, it must still contend ceaselessly with macho, paranoic, homogenizing, and other traditional forces which continue battling over the minds and actions of women and men. Traditional forces which may indeed be far more "natural" to we human animals, who are so innately egotistical and afraid. Add to this a plague of selfrighteousness, in which both individuals and political factions seem more interested in the sweet mantras of their slogans than in finding pragmatic solutions to modern problems, and you have a formula for troubled times ahead.

It may be that the best time for Otherness has already passed. Clearly part of the basis for this renaissance has been wealth, especially the unprecedented comfort enjoyed by the vast majority of westerners since World War II, in which very few of us can even conceive of starving, therefore why not fight for the rights of sea mammals? (The Japanese still remember needing them for food. Is it any wonder we disa-

It is good to recall that nations and tribes never preach tolerance and love of diversity when they are afraid. Witness the civil strife now raging in so many formerly peaceful parts of the world. It may be that Otherness rests its foundations on a brief oasis of plenty in human history, and that this new meme will vanish from sight just as soon as the dunes sweep back in.

Make no mistake about it, Otherness (along with its two offspring, science and democracy) is still the upstart, the underdog.

What we can say in its favor is that Otherness has become powerful in the official morality of many nations. In most debates over issues concerning the public, both sides usually wrap themselves in terms such as "tolerance," "privacy," "choice" or "individual rights," And absoluteerybody, right or left, is suspicious of the government!

How bizarre, in the context of history, is the impatient, deeply utopian notion, shared by millions, that our institutions can and must be improvable?

Or that vigorous criticism is one of the best ways to elicit change...

Or that "I might be wrong" is a statement any adult is made better by saying frequently, aloud or in private...

Or that it might be possible -- and desirable -- for children to learn from the mistakes of their parents, and even surpass them ...

Or that a golden age is not to be nostalgically mourned in ancient tomes, but to be earned in a better, wiser tomorrow....

Now the bonus question... do I take all of this seriously?

Are a bunch of infectious "meme" worldviews really at war over human

In olden times, in societies where the few ruled the many, aristocracies used

minds, with the prize being the future of human civilization and the planet?

Of course not. My job is to take you on entertaining rides on the backs of strange new metaphors. It's what you people pay me for, and you went along willingly on this one. I hope you found this trip through strangeness to your satisfaction.

Still, I've thought of an amusing experiment you might play, using these five protagonists -- the five memes -- I described above. Try to picture what might happen if extraterrestrials ever did come to Earth, and landed in a macho culture, or a feudal one, or a paranoid society, or in the East.

You get four wildly different scenarios, don't you?

Now go one step further and imagine alien contact with people brought up in the final way I've described -- under the Dogma of Otherness.

Forget Hollywood pathos about mean, nasty CIA types and trigger-happy rednecks. Those guilt-tripping movies have been partly responsible for seeing to it that (with luck) that sort of schmaltz won't happen. Rather, picture a flying saucer setting down in a parking lot in today's California. The National Guard encircles the vessel... to protect our alien visitors from novelty seekers, reporters, talkshow hosts, talent agents, and hordes seeking to have their consciousness raised!

The jury is still out whether otherness-fetishism is any saner than older ways. (Sometimes I wonder!) Nor is there any proof it will, or should, win in the end. Yet I know where I stand. My upbringing cannot help coming out in my writing, or in hoping that readers of my books will come away each time feeling just a bit more tolerant, more future-oriented, more critical and eager for diversity and change.

If you feel the same way, then it hardly matters whether it's a meme, or a rebel worldview, or simply a way of life. We may disagree about the how and why and wherefor of Otherness, while agreeing on what counts...

...It is our country.

The territory of hope.

The wide open commonwealth of wonder.

THE END



aus! ias an. Zieh Was geht dich dann? -Wen liebst for justings Muns und Scharff zum Kuss. Fingerhauthmrehre Lippen zum Klasumarmie ihn Vitinate und Samenhaut ihm ihre Er legte seine Sie umarmite ihn Ligaen zum Kuss. and bet inm fire Er cante ext aus: Milan Kundera "Das Buch der lächerlichen Liebe"

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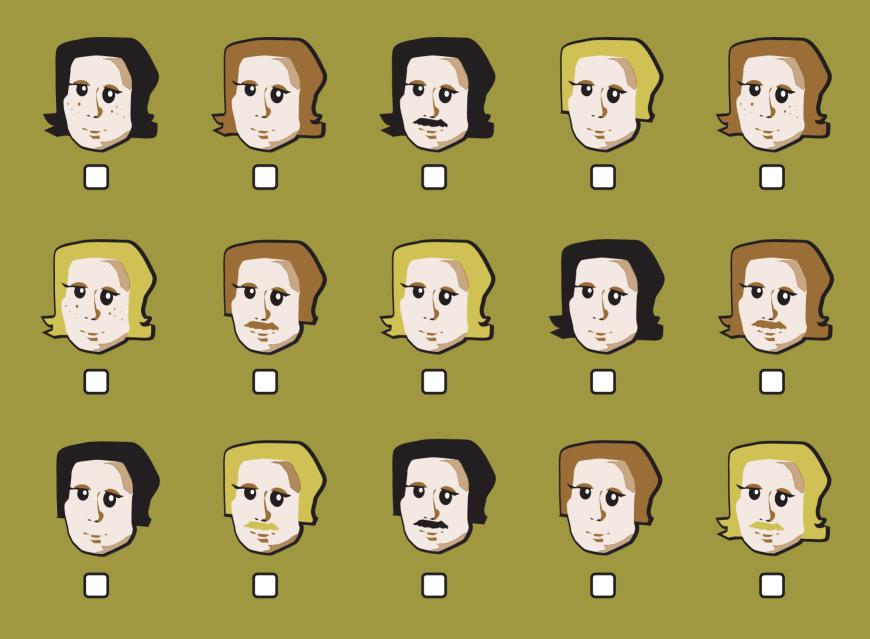


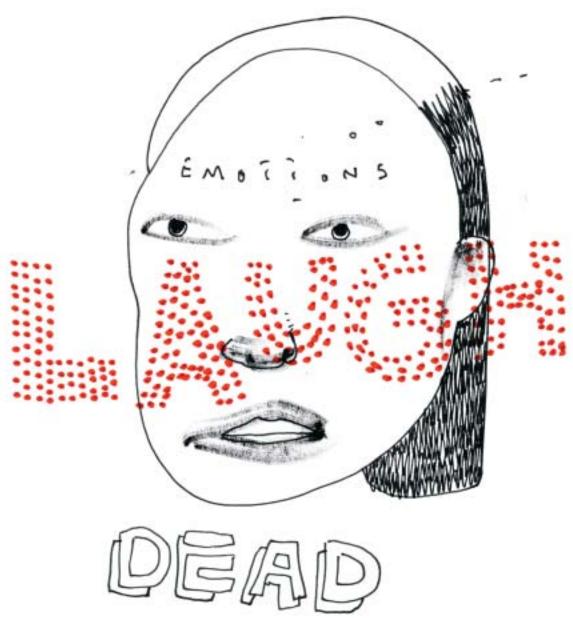
YPAH Baby, YEAH I'VE BEEN DRINKIN' DANDII I SHOULTH'T ( But I found unyself in TNO I Had NONHERF EN GOT SOME WHISKEY FROM THE gota Keep on morning from orms again. And I'll be guilty for the rest of my life HOW COME BABY, HOW COME I herende Wy of I supposed to at HOW Come everything I trepnever THANS OUT RIGHT? You know howit is with he baby MEDICINE dorling formetoprotund frat i'm & SomeBoxyelse



When I was about 12, I would browse through my parent's album collection. Flipping album to album, finding songs I'd heard them play at night or on weekends. One day I came across a record that stopped me. It wasn't because I'd seen them play it before, but because it was so different than any of the others. It had large orange letters, "GO" across the top and a small blue and black photograph to the middle right. To the left of the photograph, what I assumed as the artist's name,

the letters "G" and "O" in orange and the remaining letters in black. The background was white with a thin gray line bordering the album cover. That's all I remembered, but it stuck in my mind forever. That album was a BLUE NOTE album; "GO" 4112 Dexter Gordon, designed by Reid Miles. I have a copy of that album in my living room now.













reching is same, haste is uniterent.





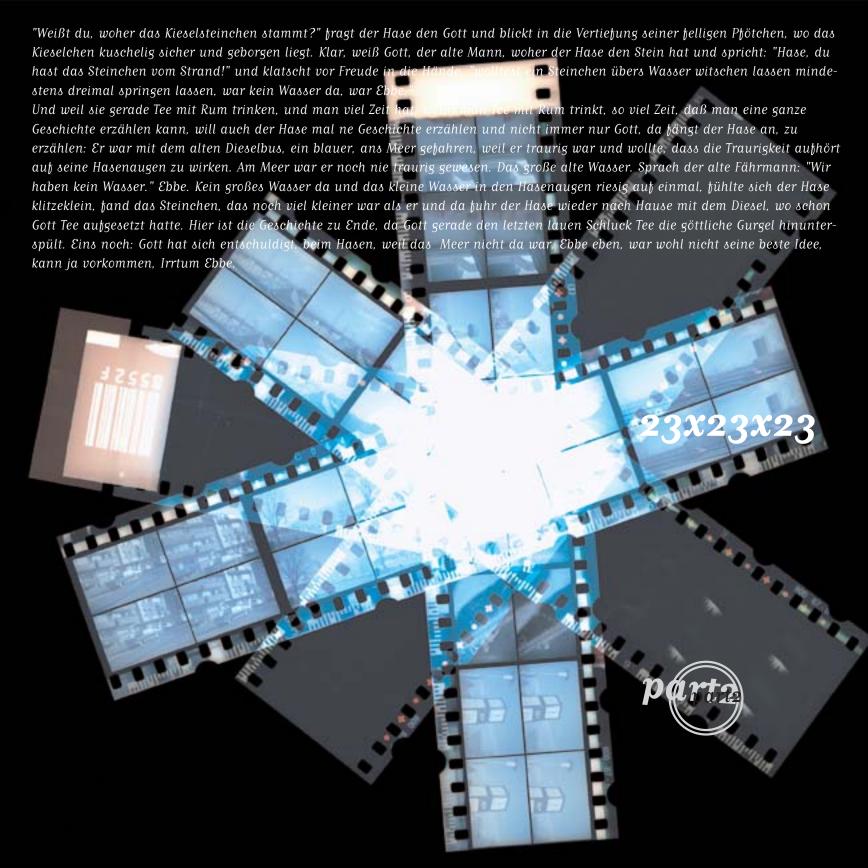
# The origin of feelings can be thought of as a small wooden box which everyone has.

Some people keep their box closed up, and never open it for anyone but themselves.

Some leave it half open, conceiling some and showing some

Some put it wide open for the world to see.

Some give their box away to another person, which isn't always a good idea.













# FOR REFERENCE

1 find beauty in everything

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THE RE-ENCEPHALISATION OF EMOTION.

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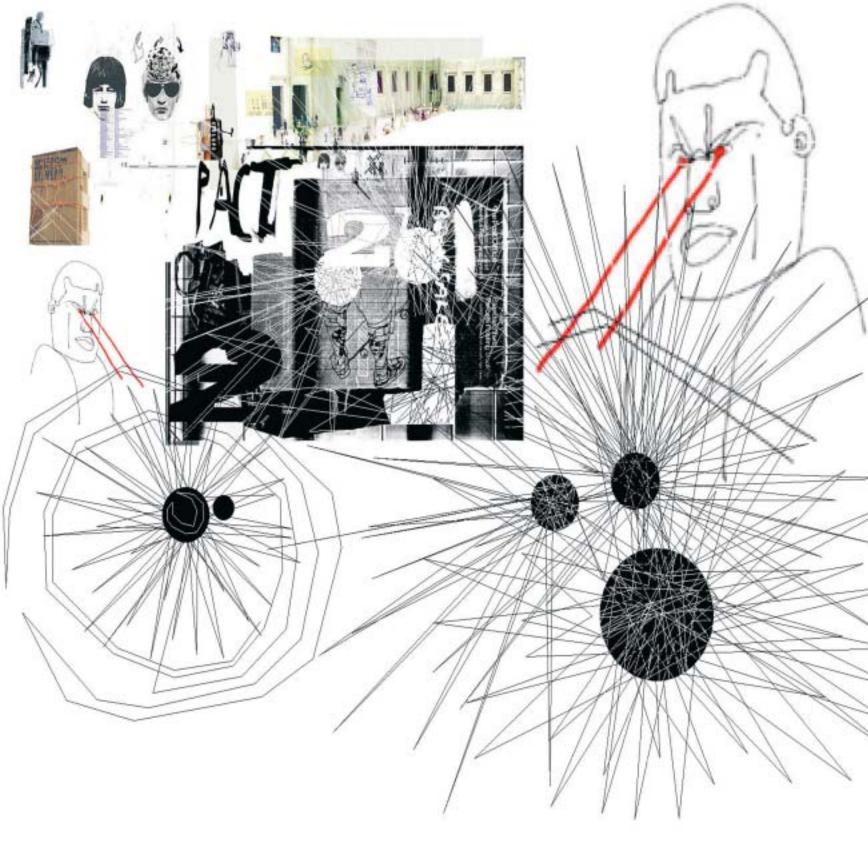
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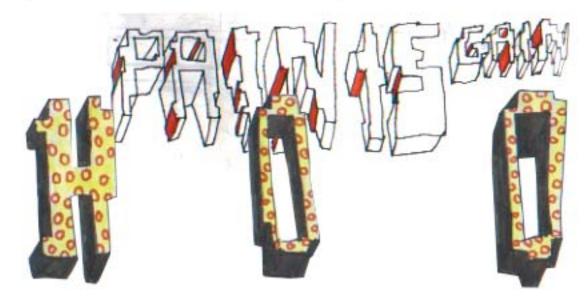




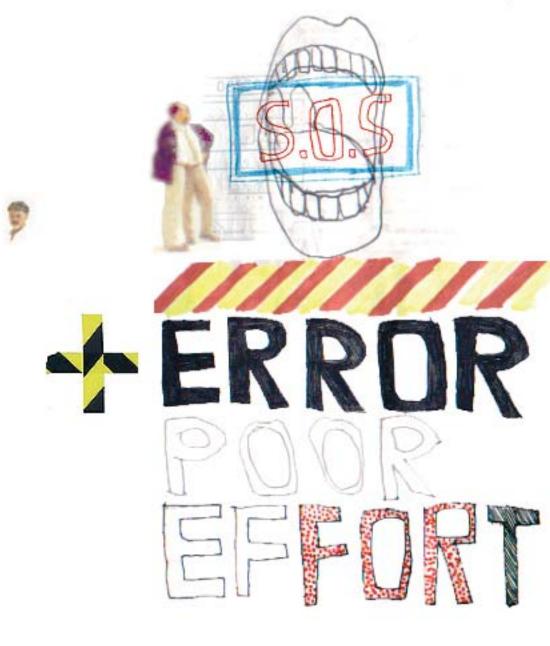


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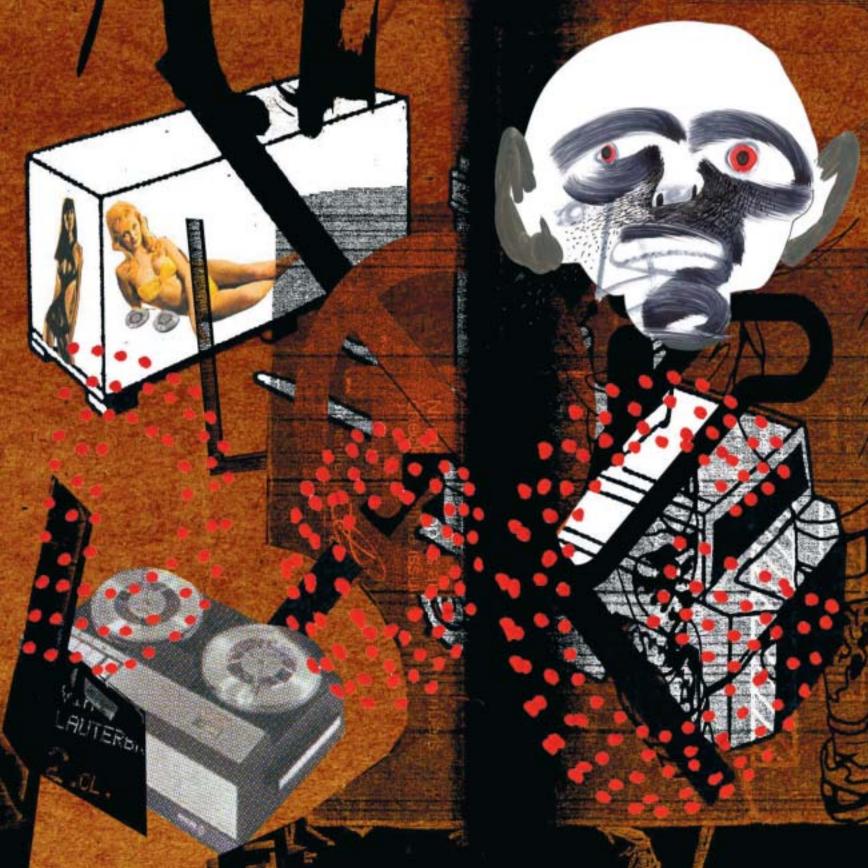


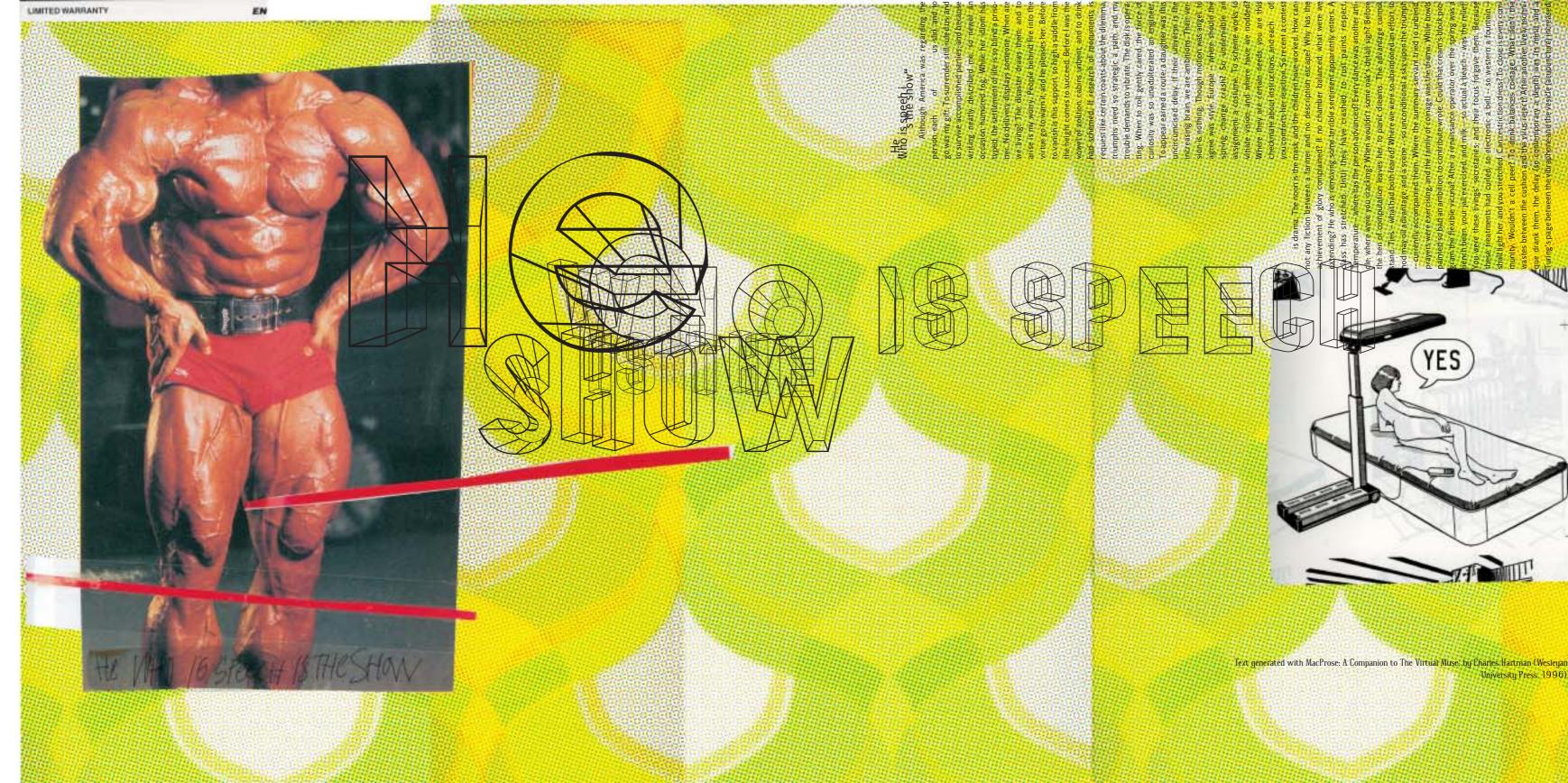






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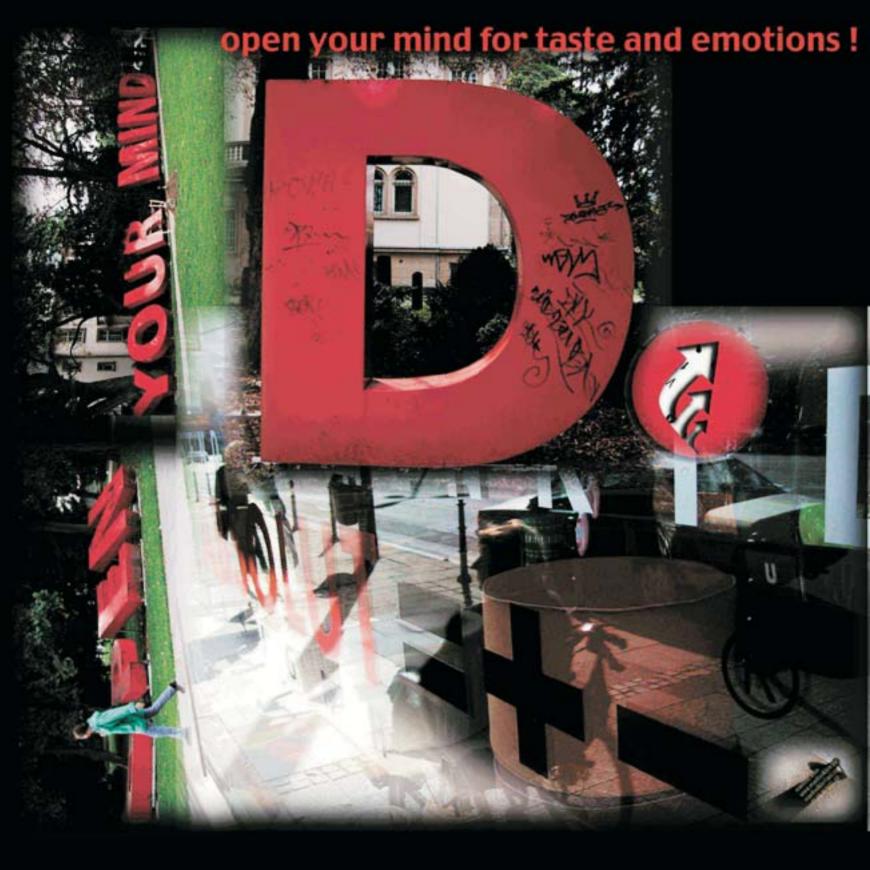


FRIE !





2. good. Good is a known quantity. Good is what we all agree on the one of crowth is an explace on the one of the control of unlit recesses that may or may not yield to our research. As long as you stick to good you'll never have real growth.





### NOBODY WALKS SUPER SOAKER TALKS

On havaittu ilmiö lähellä synnyinseutuja, että kaikk,i mikä ei maistu Turaxille kuuluu BEAST tai sen alempiin osiin. Nimittäin BEAST on se jupakka, joka syntyi Hollanissa 6.7.1934 jalkapallo-ottelun aikna pienessä Turaxin kylän toriaukiolla. Turaxin kannattajat suutuivat ja olivat aivan vihasina kiukkuisista kiukkuisimpiin henkilöihin. Beast perustuu luovaan toimintaan haastelliseen ponnekkaaseen toitotukseen jollaista ei vaan saada tehtyä kovin monesti vuodessa useassa eri paikassa. \*Oli Tampereella kerran nimittäin very huligaani luova henkilö, jonka mielestä ei BEAST ja sen lähipiiri (dna) ota osaa olennaiseen tarpeettomuuteen vaan juuri siihen oikeaan BEAST.2:seen. Omistan tämän sivun BEAST:lle ja kaikille sen piirissä oleville. tämän sivun tuotti/ \_Unabled Databosum

dDyoukrow2 Furdamentally the BEST magazine in the world is BEAST

Did you know that the company that built Levittown, N.Y., which has come to represent the quintessential suburb, not only mass-produced houses but entire suburbs? Levitt and Sons built four Levittowns in New York State, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Puerto Rico. However, in Levittown, P.R., you won't find any of the famous Cape Cod houses; construction standards don't allow wooden houses because of potential hurricane and termite damage. Instead they are made of concrete.

this text by NationalGGS (geographika) for BEAST magazine.

>please, mail me. teall me more about BEAST, what it is, where >it goes . actually I want to

>know all about BEAST. just ALLLLL...

>peace. macarena@postmaster.co.uk

A Day In The Hood

By Jennifer Sherowski

July 6, 2001

8:30 am

Woke up with a bloody nose. Mental note: Oregon is dry as a Sahara creek bed and consuming some sort of liquid during the day would probably help. Day is clear and bright, and I feel lucky because it's been cold and wet the past couple days. You never know when a rain day'll sneak up on you in the Northwest.

Keir Dillon, Photo: Jennifer Sherowski

Got ready to shred along with the entire town of Government Camp. Everyone seems to be here for the same reason. Parked next to the High Cascade digger van and its cargo of clever hessians from Utah. The van gets a new paint job every year. This year the theme is, well, see for yourself ...

The snow is unusually sparse for this time of year, so High Cascade and Windell's camp areas are within spitting distance. It made for a festive, circus-like atmosphere. High Cascade's park area was chalk full of jumps, rails, a quarterpipe, and three different sized halfpipes. As on-hill manager Tonino Copine remarked, a Ferris wheel would've fit right in.

The High Cascade superpipe is cut every other night. Last night was a cutting night, so today things were on. Campers got to ride with a slew of pros, including Trevor Andrew and Keir Dillon, who were filming for their Mack Dawg video parts—big air-to-fakies and general dominance all around. Despite the unavoidably soupy landings, longtime pipe digger Scotty Wittlake made everyone look silly by landing absolutely everything he tried off the kickers. Finnish recruit Ami Voutillainen was also laying down the law around High Cascade-ville.v

>>nextpage

#### Scotty Wittlake. Photo: Jennifer Sherowski

#### 2:00

Waged an all-out war with the sun. My weapons (Coppertone SPF 48, Oakley reflective lenses, and bad fashion) were no match for the solar flames that licked the glacier. I was burnt to a crisp. But fashion faux pas in an effort to avoid the sun was all the rage on the hill. The bandit look (wearing a bandana over your face old-West style) was in full effect among the diggers, AKA Tonino's Mafia. Every last one of them wore solid black with hoods up, which may have kept the sun off their skin but had to have felt like a convection oven on the inside.

#### 3.45

Afternoon activity time, which, since the sun doesn't go down in Oregon 'til 9:00 PM, involved more painful sun exposure. The High Cascade street course and skate ramps in downtown Government Camp were mobbed. Danny Kass and Jeff Anderson impressed campers with sketchy stunts, while Danny had to stop every few minutes to give autographs. Jeremy Jones slayed the bowl along with the High Cascade skate staff, who gave an absurd display of how good you can get by skating that thing every day.

The digger van, if you know what I mean. Photo: Jennifer Sherowski

#### 6:30

Dinner—either vegetarian or meat food, and not at all like the sickly green drivel I remember from summer camp as a kid. The younguns are fed well at High Cascade.

#### 7:30

Nope, the sun still hadn't set yet. More skating, wandering aimlessly around the encampment, shooting off smoke bombs and peeling out in spray-painted vans (if you were Danny Kass, Lane Knaack, or another hooded member of the Grenade crew). But things remained for the most part "under control." Due to events involving stolen go-carts and alleged members of the High Cascade staff last summer, public drunkenness is strictly forbidden among camp employees.

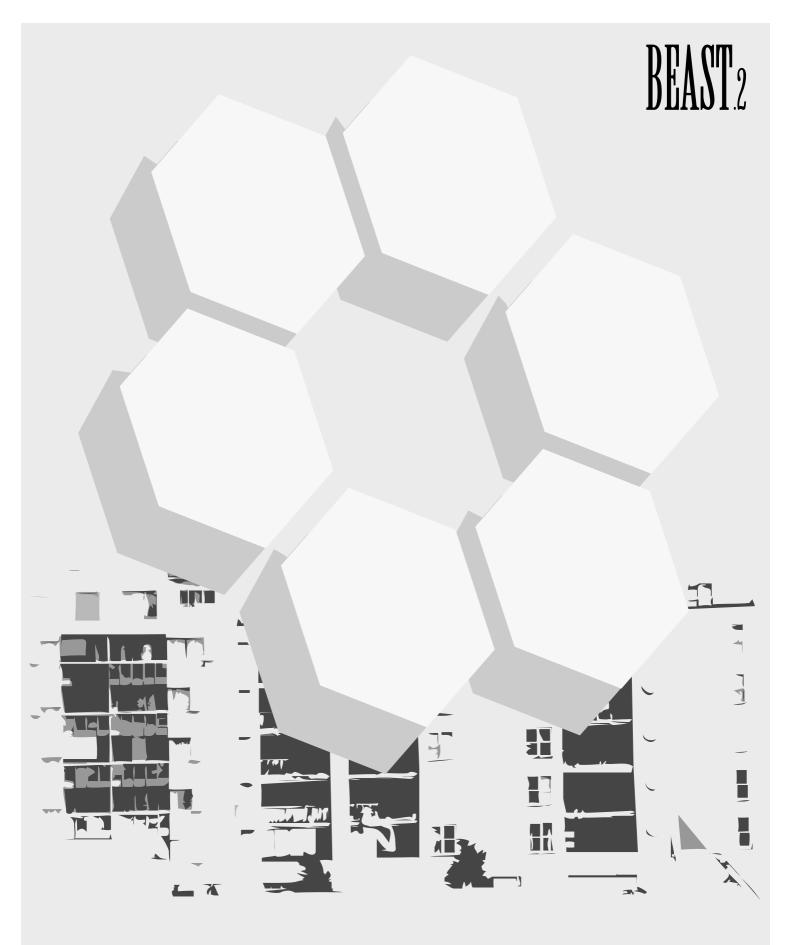
#### 9:45

Dreaded curfew ... extreme exhaustion from fun summer-camp activities quickly gives way to the depths of slumber. Okay, so I didn't go to sleep at ten o'clock ... but you don't have to know everything.

A special thanks to Ang and the rest of the High Cascade staff who helped make summer camp funner than ever this year. For more information on the camp, go to: www.highcascade.com. TWS editor.







Last pages for BEASTmagazine by:

## **PROOSTERIANOS**

# dopumentary

PROOSTERIANOS documentary CANADALAINEN VRTUAALI YHTEISÖ SUOMESTA. http://proosterianos.cjb.net pr-os@co-uk.com The skateboarding and snowboarding documenatary. things & stuff. after beast, probably the best.



